

MEDICINE AND SUPPORTING PUPILS AT SCHOOL WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS POLICY

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MEDICINE AND SUPPORTING PUPILS AT SCHOOL WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS POLICY

Section 100 of the Children and Families Act 2014 places a duty on the Governing Body and Senior Leadership Team to make arrangements for supporting pupils at the Academy with medical conditions. Pupils with special medical needs have the same right of admissission to school as other children and cannot be refused admission or excluded from school on medical grounds alone. However, teachers and other school staff in charge of pupils have a common law duty to act in the place of the parent and may need to take swift action in an emergency. This could extend to a need to administer medicine. The prime reponsibility for a child's health lies with the parent who is responsible for the child's medication and should supply the school with information.

This policy will be reviewed regularly and will be readily accessible to parents/carers and staff through our website.

Policy implementation

All schools and academies are expected by Ofsted to have a policy dealing with medical needs and to be able to demonstrate that this is implemented effectively.

All staff will be expected to show a commitment and awareness of children's medical conditions. All new members of staff will be inducted into the arrangements and guidelines set out in the policy, this will be overseen by Kate Watson.

Definitions of medical conditions:

Pupils' medical needs may be broadly summarised as being of two types:

- Short-term affecting their participation in Academy activities because they are on a course of medication
- Long-term potentially limiting their access to education and requiring extra care and support (deemed special medical needs).

Role of staff

Some children with medical conditions may be disabled. Where this is the case governing bodies must comply with their duties under the Equality Act 2010. Some may also have Special Educational Needs and may have a statement, or Educaiton, Health and Care (EHC) plan which brings together health and social care needs, as well as their special educational provision. For children with SEN, this guidance should be read in conjuction with the SEN Code of Practice.

If a child is deemed to have a long-term medical condition, the school will ensure that arrangements are in place to support them. In doing so, we will ensure that such children can access and enjoy the same opportunities at school as any other child. The Academy, health professionals, Parents/Carers and other support services will work together to ensure that children with medical conditions receive a full education, unless this would not be In their best interests because of their health needs.

Staff must not give prescription medicines or undertake health care procedures without appropriate training (updated to reflect any Individual Health Care Plans). At the Archbishop Cranmer we recognise that a first-aid certificate does not constitute appropriate training in supporting children with medical conditions. Healthcare professionals, including the school nurse, Karen Ellis, who we have regular access to, will provide training and subsequent confirmation of the proficiency of staff in a medical procedure, or in providing medication.

<u>Procedures to be followed when notification is received that a pupil has a medical condition</u>

We will ensure that the correct procedures will be followed whenever we are notified that a pupil has a medical condition. The procedures will also be in place to cover any transitional arrangements between schools, the process to be followed upon reintegration or when pupil's needs change and arrangements for any staff training or support. For children starting at Archbishop Cranmer C of E Academy, arrangements will be in place in time for the start of the relevant school term. In other cases, such as a new diagnosis or children moving to Archbishop Cranmer C of E Academy midterm, we will make every effort to ensure that arrangements are put in place quickly.

In making the arrangements, we will take into account that many of the medical conditions that require support at school will affect quality of life and may be life threatening. We will also acknowledge that some will be more obvious than others. We will therefore ensure that the focus is on the needs of each individual child and how their medical condition impacts on their school life. We will ensure that arrangements give parents/carers and pupils confidence in the Academy's ability to provide effective support for medical conditions in school. The arrangements will show an understanding of how medical conditions impact on a child's ability to learn, as well as increase their confidence and promote profound personal development and self-care. We will ensure that staff are properly trained to provide the support that pupils need.

The Academy will ensure that arrangements are clear and unambiguous about the need to support activitiely pupils with medical conditions to participate in school trips and visits, or in sporting activities, and not prevent them from doing so. We will make arrangements for the inclusion of pupils in such activities with any adjustments as required unless evidence from a clinician such as a GP states that this is not possible. The Academy will make sure that no child with a medical condition is denied admission or prevented from atending the Academy because arrangements for their medical condition have not been made. However, in line with our Safeguarding duties, we will ensure that pupil's health is not put at unnecesary risk from, for example infectious diseases. We will therefore not accept a child in school at times where it would be detrimental to the health of that child or others.

The Academy does not have to wait for a formal diagnosis before providing support to pupils. In cases where a pupil's medical condition is unclear, or where there is a difference of opinion, judgement will be needed about what support to provide based on the available evidence. This would normally involve some form of medical evidence and consultation with parents/carers.

Where a child has an Individual Health Care Plan, this will clearly define what consitutes an emergency and explain what to do, including ensuring that all relevant staff are aware of emergency symptoms and procedures. Other pupils in the Academy should know what to do in general terms, such as informing a teacher immediately if they think help is needed. If a child (regardless of whether they have an Individual Health Care Plan) needs to be taken to hospital, staff should stay with the child until the parent/carer arrives, or accompany a child taken to hospital by ambulance.

Individual health care plans

Individual Health Care Plans will be written and reviewed by Rose Callan, our Senco.It will be the responsibility of all members of staff supporting the individual children to ensure that the Plan is followed. The class teacher will be responsible for the child's development and ensuring that they and their medical conditions are supported at school.

Individual Healthcare Plans will help to ensure that the Academy effictively supports pupils with medical conditions. They will provide clarity about what needs to be done, when and by whom. They will often be essential, such as in cases where conditions fluctuate or where there is a high risk that emergency intervention will be needed. They are likely to be helpful in the majority of the other cases too, especially where medical conditions are long-term and complex. However, not all children will require one. The Academy, health care professional and parents/carers should agree, based on evidence, when a Health Care Plan would be inappropriate or disproportionate. A flow

chart for identifying and agreeing the support of a child needs and developing an individual healthcare plan can be provided.

Individual Health Care Plans will be easily accesseble to all who need to refer to them, while preserving confidentiality. Plans will capture the day information and actions that are required to support the child effectively. The level of detail within plans will depend on the complexity of the child's condition and the degree of support needed. This is important because different children with the same health condition may require very different support. Where a child has SEN but does not have a statement or EHC plan, their SEN should be mentioned in their Individual Health Care Plan. Individual Health Care Plans, (and their Review), may be initiated, in consultation with the parent/carer, by a member of school staff or a healthcare professional involved in providing care to the child. The individual Health Care Plan must be completed by the Lead Professional (usually the SENCO) with support from parents/carers, and a relevant healthcare professional, e.g. school, specialist or children's community nurse, who can best advise on the particular needs of the child. Pupils should also be involved whenever appropriate. The responibility for ensuring it is finalised and implemented rests with the Academy.

The Academy will ensure that Individual Health Care Plans are reviewed at least annually or earlier if evidence is presented that the child's needs have changed. They will be developed and reviewed with the child's best interests in mind and ensure that the Academy assesses and manages risks to the child's education, health and social well-being and minimises disruption. Where the child has a SEN identified in a statement or EHC plan, the Individual Health Care Plan should be linked to or become part of that statement or EHC plan.

It is a necessity that each one includes;

- The medical condition, its triggers, signs, symptoms and treatments
- The pupil's resulting needs, including medication (dose, side-effects and storage) and other treatments, time, facilities, equipment, testing, access to food and drink where this is used to manage their condition, dietary requirements and environmental issues e.g. crowded/noisy conditions, travel time between lessons;
- Specific support for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs for example, how absences will be managed, requirements for extra time to complete tests, use of rest periods or additional support in catching up with lessons, counselling sessions
- The level of support needed, (some children will be able to take responsibility for their own health needs), including in emergencies. If a child is self-managing their medication, this should be clearly stated with appropriate arrangements for monitoring
- Who will provide this support, their training needs, expectations of their role and confirmation
 of proficiency to provide support for the child's medical condition from a healthcare
 professional; and cover arrangements for when they are unavailable
- Who in the school needs to be aware of the child's condition and the support required;
- Arrangements for written permission from parents/carers and a member of staff for medication to be administered by the pupil during schol hours
- Separate arrangements or procedures required for school trips or other school activities outside of the normal school timetable that will ensure the child can participate, e.g. risk assesments;
- Where confidentiality issues are raised by the parents/carers or child, the designated individuals to be entrusted with information about the child's condition;
- What to do in an emergency, including whom to contact and contingency arrangements. Some children may have an Emergency Health Care Plan prepared by their lead clinician that could be used to inform development of their Individual Health Care Plan. The Emergency Health Care Plan will not be the Academy's responsibility to write or review.

The child's role in managing their own medical needs

If it is deemed, after discussion with the Parents/Carers, that a child is competent to manage their own health needs and medicines, the Academy will encourage them to take responsibility for managing their own medicines and procedures. This will be reflected within Individual Health Care Plans.

Wherever possible, children should be allowed to carry their own medicines and relevant devices or should be able to access their medicines for self-medication quickly and easily; these will be stored in the school office to ensure that the safeguarding of other children is not compromised. The Academy does also recognise that children who can take their medicines themselves or manage procedures may require an appropriate level of supervision. If a child is not able to self-medicate then relevant staff should help to administer medicines and manage procedures for them. Staff have the right to refuse to administer medicine.

If a child refuses to take medicine or carry out a necessary procedure, staff should not force them to do so but instead follow the procedure agreed in the Individual Health Care Plan. Parents/Carers should be informed, outside of the review, so that alternative options can be considered.

Managing medicines in academies

The following are the procedures to be followed for managing medicines:

- Medicines should only be administered at the Academy when it would be detrimental to a child's health or school attendance not to do so.
- No child under 16 should be given prescription or non-prescription medicines without their parents/carers written consent.
- The Academy will only accept medicines that are in-date, labeled provided in the original
 container if prescribed by a pharmacist and includes intructions for administration, dosage
 and storage. The exception to this is insulin which must still be in date, but will generally be
 available inside an insulin pen or a pump, rather than in its original container.
- All medicines will be stored safely in the main office or safe if controlled. Children should know where their medicines are at all times and be able to access them immediately. Where relevant, they should know who holds the key to the storage facility.
- Medicines and devices such as asthma inhalers, blood glusose testing meters and adrenaline pens should be always readily available to children and not locked away; these will be stored in the classroom cupboards where both class teacher and child know how to access them. If a child requires an asthma inhaler it is crucial that there is an inhaler in the Academy at all times.
- During school trips, the first aid trained member of staff/member of staff in charge of first aid will carry all medical devices and medicines required.
- Staff administering medicines should do so in accordance with the prescriber's instructions.
 The Academy will keep a record of all medicines administered to individual children, stating
 what, how and how much was administered, when and by whom. Any side effets of the
 medication to be administered at the Academy should be noted. Written records are kept of
 all medicines administered to children. These records offer protection to staff and children
 and provide evidence that agreed procedures have been followed.
- When no longer required, medicines should be returned to the parent/carer to arrange for safe disposal. Sharps boxes should always be used for the disposal of needles and other sharps.

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Unacceptable practice

Although Academy staff should use their discretion and judge each case on its merits with reference to the child's Individual Health Care Plan, it is not generally acceptable practice to:

- Prevent children from easily accessing their inhalers and medication and administering their medication when and where necessary
- Assume that every child with the same condition requires the same treatment
- Ignore the views of the child or their parents/carers; or ignore medical evidence or opinion,
- Send children with medical conditions home frequently or prevent them from staying for normal school activities, including lunch, unless this is specified in their individual healthcare plans
- If the child becomes ill, send them to the school office or unaccompanied or with someone unsuitable
- Penalise children for their attendance record if their absences are related to their medical condition e.g. hospital appointments
- Prevent pupils from drinking, eating or taking toilet or other breaks whenever they need to in order to manage their medical condition effectively
- Require parents/carers, or otherwise make them feel obliged, to attend the Academy to administer medication or provide medical support to their child.including with toileting issues.
 No parent/carer should have to give up working because the Academy is failing to support their child's medical needs; or
- Prevent children from participating, or create unnecessary barriers to children participating in any aspect of Academy life, including school trips,e.g. by requiring parents/carers to accompany the child.

Complaints

Should parents/carers or pupils be dissatisfied with the support provided they should discuss their concerns directly with the Academy. If for whatever reason this does not resolve the issue, they may make a formal complaint via the complaints procedure outlined In the Academy's Complaints Policy.

Supporting Documents

- Equality Act 2010
- SEND code of practice
- SEND local offer
- Supporting children school with Medical Condition DfE April 2014